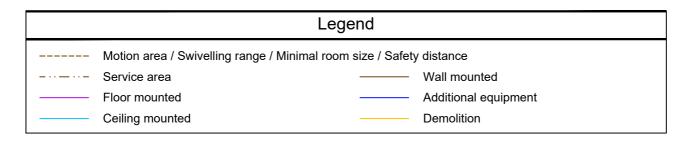


MAGNETOM Sola, 1.5 Tesla

Basic Planning Information



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Dimensioning

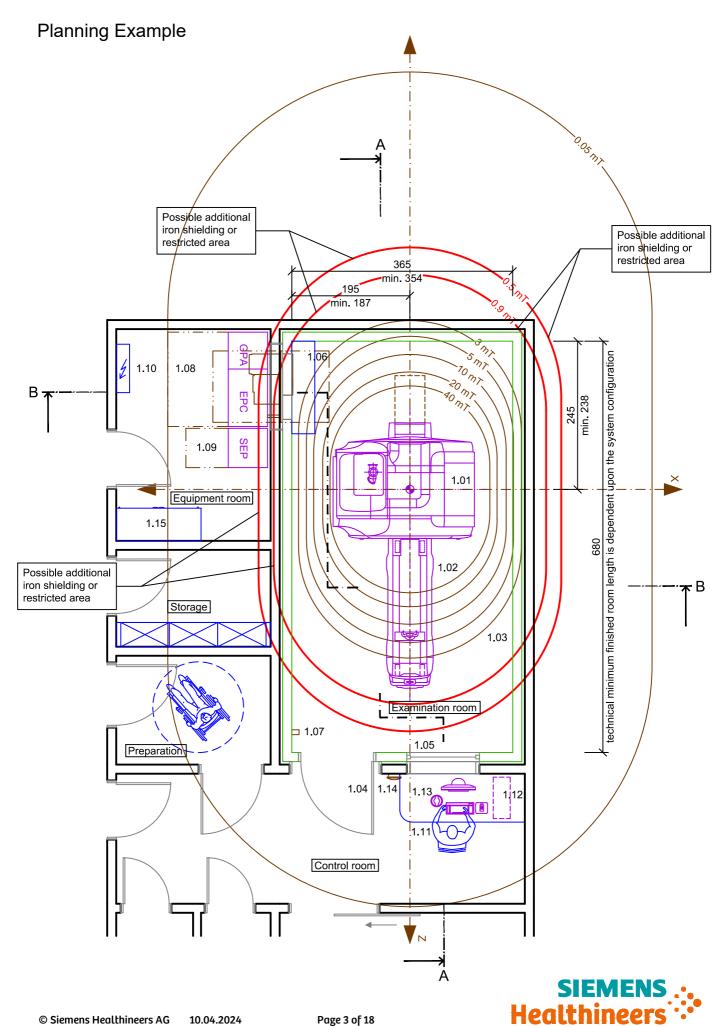
All installation measurements apply to finished wall/floor/ceiling and are to be checked prior to assembling the unit.



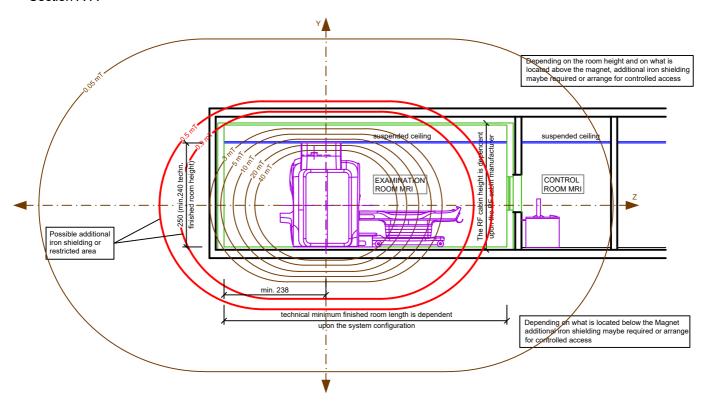
• Orientation point = reference point of the Siemens Healthineers unit for planning and installation

Please note: The drawing parts in this document are not to scale!

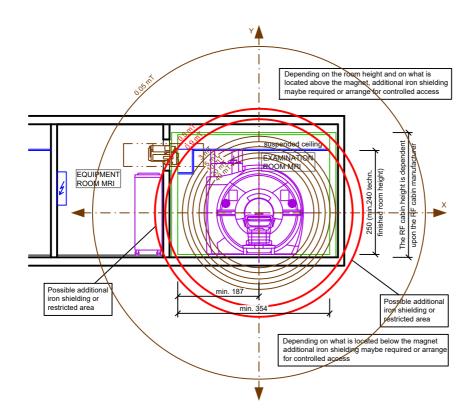




Section A-A



Section B-B





		Weight (kg)	, Heat diss	sipation to the air (W)
Pos.	Description	kg	W	Remark
1.01	Magnet	3982	3000	#1/#2
1.02	Mobile patient table, whole body	270		
1.03	RF-cabin			
1.04	RF-door			
1.05	RF-window			
1.06	RF-System filter plate	130	250	#7
1.07	Magnet stop			
1.08	Electronics cabinet GPA / EPC	1500		#1/#3
1.09	SEP cabinet	318		#2/#3
1.10	Power distributor	52		by customer
1.11	Control unit MR AWP	20	200	
1.12	Host PC MR AWP	22	700	max. magnetic field strength 1mT
1.13	Intercom System			
1.14	Alarmbox	1		
1.15	Air conditioning cabinet			by customer
	 #1 Heat dissipation depending on measuring #2 Additional water cooling system necessary #3 Typical heat dissipation of both components to the environment in the Technical-Room ≤ 1 kW #7 Installation of non-SIEMENS components prohibited 			



Room Dimensioning

Technical minimum finished room height

Examination room min. 240 cm, Control room min. 210, Equipment room min. 220 cm.

Technical minimum finished room length

Whole Body, Mobile Patient Table:

min. 647 cm, recommended 667 cm

Whole Body, Fixed Patient Table:

min. 617 cm

Statics and Transport

Statics

not to scale

Support feet and floor load

Transport weight of the magnet: ~ 4200 kg

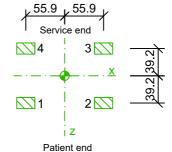
Installation weight of the magnet: 3982 kg 4 support feet each 16 cm x 26 cm (416 cm²)

Pos. 1 = 1127 kg

Pos. 2 = 800 kg

Pos. 3 = 919 kg

Pos. 4 = 1137 kg



You have to consider the additional weights of the RF cabin and the possible iron shielding for the static calculation.

It is only possible to position the magnet on Stop-Chocs if it is installed in a non-magnetic RF cabin and if there is no iron shielding below the magnet.

Standard configuration is an installation on Sylomer/Sylodamp.

Building vibrations

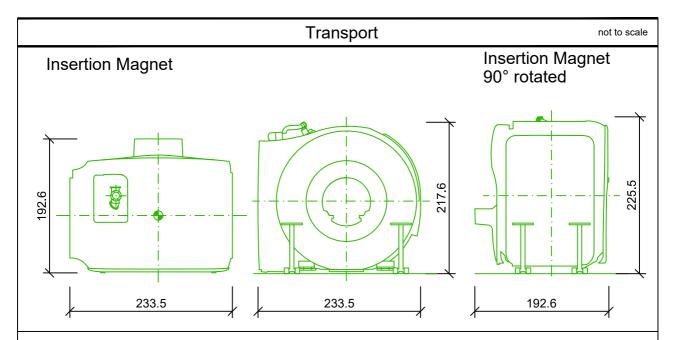
External vibrations or shocks affecting the magnet may degrade image quality. In the three spatial orientations the building vibration must not exceed the following specification:

Building vibration specification:

a $_{max}$ = -80 dB(g) in the frequency range from 0 to 100 Hz

The requirement for a $_{\mbox{\scriptsize max}}$ is depending on the frequency.





Min. transport opening in the wall: W = 200 cm / H = 240 cm Min. transport opening in the ceiling: L = 200 cm / W = 245 cm

The maximum load and the width of doors and openings must be considered for the delivery of system parts and the later delivery of cryogens.

Largest Parts	Length	Width	Height	Weight
Magnet	192.6 cm	233.5 cm	217.6/ 225.5 cm	3982 kg
Mobile Table	247 cm	76 cm	109 cm	270 kg
Fixed Table	247 cm	76 cm	105 cm	250 kg
Cabinet GPA/EPC	156 cm	65 cm	197 cm	1500 kg
Cabinet SEP	65 cm	65 cm	187 cm	318 kg
Cryogene dewar with siphon (example)	max. Ø	115 cm	204 cm	500 kg
Gradient coil (information for service only)	146.6 cm Ø 89.2 cm		790 kg	
Dimensions without safety loading.	•	•	_	



Cooling Water Installation

Cooling water (SEP cabinet)				
Central cooling water supp	oly (e.g.in Hospitals) is alredy ava	aliable or local chiller is available.		
Water quality Primary water Recommendation	pH-value Hardness Chlorine portion Sulfate portion Filtration Water / antifreeze	: 6 bis 8 : < 250 ppm CaCO ₃ , < 14 °dH : < 200 ppm : < 200 ppm : 700 µm : 35 to maximum 40 % ethylene glycol		
Water quality Secondary water	Water to be used Filtration Water / antifreeze Additive for secondary chilled water circuit	: De-ionized water : 700 μm : n.a. : NaHCO ₃		
SEP-Cabinet	Water flow rate Primary water temperature Temperature range Temperature gradient Primary water pressure Pressure loss across SEP Minimum water flow rate for He-compressor operation (#1) Running EPI with maximum	: +/- 2 K : < 1 K / 30 s		

Cooling water (IFP + Chiller KKT)							
No central hospital cooling water or a local chiller is available.							
Water quality	Water quality Water to be used Filtration Antifreeze concentration : De-ionized water : 700 μm 35 to maximum 40 % ethylene glycol						
IFP + Chiller Heat dissipation to water Water flow rate Water supply temperature Primary water pressure : XJ-Gradient: 45kW; XQ-Gradient: 60kW : 120 I / min : 19 to 22 °C : n.a.							

Components if no cooling water is available				
Transfer station IFP	Helium compressor	ECO Chiller		



Air-conditioning

	Environmental cor	nditions			
the MR-area must be ensure follo	wing conditions (system durin	g operation)			
amination room	Room temperature Relative humidity Absolute humidity Air intake system Air exchange rate Off-take installation height Air pressure	18 to 22 °C 40 to 60 % < 11 g / kg ~ 30% - 50% f min. 6 times / > 2000 mm 700-1060 mba	h (recomma	nded 10) times/h)
echnique room	Room temperature Relative humidity Absolute humidity Air pressure	15 to 30 °C 40 to 80 % < 11 g / kg 700-1060 mbar			
ontrol / Evaluation room	Room temperature Relative humidity Absolute humidity Air pressure	15 to 30 °C 40 to 60 % < 11 g / kg 700-1060 mbar			
le operating values should be set gulations.	within these limits and ventilat	tion must conform	n to local star	ndards	and
r filtering	In the equipment area: filte out dust particles > 10 μm. regulations.				
pical heat dissipation of the R-components to the vironment during an operation.	Examination room Control room Technique room	≤ 3 kW ≤ 2 kW ≤ 1 kW			
n Air-conditioning system is require the equipment room is not neces					stem
rH = 10 % 20 % 3 35	0 % 40 % 50 %	50% 70%	80 %	90 %	100 %



Electrical Installation

	Power requirements				
Mains: TN-S	3/N/PE AC 50/60 Hz ± 1 Hz	Connection value:			
Line voltage:	400 V ± 10 %	System XQ: Chiller (optional):	88 kVA 48 kVA		
Line to line unbalanced:	max. 2 %	Power consumption for time up to < 3 s:	104 kVA		
System XQ Line impedance:	≤ 100 mΩ	System XJ:	69 kVA		
System XJ Line impedance:	≤ 120 mΩ	Chiller (optional): Power consumption	48 kVA		
Only copper cables are allowed.		for time up to < 3 s:	75 kVA		
Measurement sequences < 3 s.					
The size of the terminals in the EPC are designed for 70 mm² (System XQ) and 50 mm² (System XJ).					
Cable cross section is to be determined by national regulation and calculation.					

Room lighting

Ambient lighting in rooms with diagnostics or with workstations must comply with the respective local and national regulations.

General requirements like the needed intensity of illumination - adjustable, reproducible, flicker-free or a limitation of dazzlings and reflections etc. have to be observed (EN 12464-1, DIN 5035-7).

Noise Emission Values

Noise emission values						
If required, noise r	If required, noise reduction should be realized based on the noise emission values as specified.					
Average values Examination room Control room Technique room						
across 8 hours \leq 80.3 dB(A) XJ-Gradient \leq 55 dB(A) \leq 65 dB(A)						
	≤ 80.6 dB(A) XQ-Gradient					



Fringe Field

Requirement for magn. field level warning signs in the control zone ≥ 0.5 mT/ 0.9 mT

Limit for persons with cardiac pacemaker or insulin pump.

If the magnetic flux density in a given area exceeds 0.5 mT or 0.9 mT, it is necessary to display warning signs and restrict access in accordance with local regulations.

	Fringe field distribution MAGNETOM Sola						
Fringe field	Distance in	m from the magnetic center in	direction of				
	X axis	Y axis	Z axis				
40mT	1.32	1.32	1.71				
20mT	1.44	1.44	1.94				
10mT	1.59	1.59	2.23				
5mT	1.71	1.71	2.53				
3mT	1.84	1.84	2.79				
0.9mT	2.25	2.25	3.55				
0.5mT	2.50	2.50 2.50 4.00					
0.05mT	4.00	4.00	6.90				



Siting Requirements

Siting requirements for the magnet

The siting of the magnet must be such that during operation neither external influences affect the homogenity of the magnetic field nor the safety of persons and/or the functioning of sensitive equipment can be affected by the stray magnetic field.

Disturbing influences on the magnetic field

Statio

E.g. steel beams, reinforcements, especially beneath the magnet. Partially correctable by shimming of the magnet and/or compliance with minimum clearances/maximum weights.

Dvnamic

E.g. moving ferromagnetic objects, electrical wiring, transformers. Avoidable when minimum clearances are observed. Minimum distance depend on moving direction and magnet orientation. If distances are not kept please contact Siemens Healthineers, Planning Department.

		Minimum	clearance	
	Object	radial (X/Y)	axial (Z)	Max. weight
	Water cooling system	4.0 m	4.0 m	
Guidelines	Wheelchairs, beds, angiography systems	4.9 m	5.8 m	
for minimum	Carts up to approx. 200 kg	5.3 m	6.5 m	
clearances	Transformers < 1600 kVA	5.0 m	5.0 m	
and maximum	AC cables < 1000A	2.5 m	2.5 m	
weights	Cars up to approx. 900 kg, CT	5.5 m	7.5 m	
	Trucks up to approx. 4500 kg, Lifts	6.2 m	9.0 m	
	Cyclotron	20.0 m	20.0 m	
	Street cars, trains	40.0 m	40.0 m	#1
	Angiography systems with magnetic navigation	30.0 m	30.0 m	
	Reinforcement distributed in thickness of floor slab	> 1.25 m be magnet cer	·· -	≤ 100 kg/m²
	Steel beam	> 1.25 m be magnet cei	π∠	≤ 100 kg/m

^{#1} The DC disturbances must not exceed a peak-peak value of 1250 nT (axial) and 2500 nT (radial). Occasionally these values might be exceeded although the minimum distances to DC sources are kept as stated in the planning guide. Please contact the planning department of Siemens Healthineers if the distances to trains, tramways or subways are smaller than 100 m.



^{#2} This minimum distance is required for shimming.

Distance for magnetic shielding has to be adjusted according to individual shielding requirements.

Minimum distances magnet - magnet (Siemens Healthineers)								
	0.2 T 0.35 T 1.0 T 1.5 T 3.0 T							
0.2 T	10 m	10 m	5 m	6 m	10 m			
0.35 T	10 m	10 m	5 m	6 m	10 m			
1.0 T	5 m	5 m	4.5 m	5 m	6 m			
1.5 T	6 m	6 m	5 m	5 m	6 m			
3.0 T	10 m	10 m	6 m	6 m	6 m			
7.0 T	10 m							

No magnet is ramping during the other runs applications! Shim is only optimized with both magnets ramped up during the shimming procedure.

Guidelines for max.Permissible Magnetic Flux Density (mT)			
mT	radial (X/Y)	axial (Z)	
40	1.32 m	1.71 m	Servoventilator
20	1.44 m	1.94 m	Defibrillator
10	1.59 m	2.23 m	RF-filter plate
5	1.71 m	2.53 m	MR electronics cabinet (Siemens Healthineers) GPA/EPC, SEP
3	1.84 m	2.79 m	Small motors, watches, cameras
0.9	2.25 m	3.55 m	Pacemakers and insulin pumps, limit for public access
0.5	2.50 m	4.00 m	Pacemakers and insulin pumps, X-ray tubes, limit for public access
0.05	4.00 m	6.90 m	Gamma cameras, linear accelerators

The magnetic stray field is present in all three dimensions around the magnet and can be reduced by a magnetic shielding.

Typical lines of constant magnetic flux density are shown in the drawing.

This represents the ideal field distribution in air, which can be distorted by the presence of steel in the building. Magnetic field specification depends on manufacturer.

Disturbances caused by the stray magnetic field

All equipment and systems whose functions could be influenced by external magnetic field must be taken into consideration. The maximum permissible magnetic flux density depends on the sensitivity of each system component and must be clarified if necessary with equipment manufacturer.

Site inspection

In critical cases the site must be inspected on customer's expense by Siemens Healthineers or one of Siemens Healthineers appointed representatives to ensure basic suitability on the site.

This inspection is exclusively concerned with the measurement of the magnetic and radio frequency interference and building vibrations.

This inspection of other construction requirements, in particular the static and air conditioning and also the performance and supervision of on-site installation preparations and the later compliance with the basic operating requirements is not our responsibility.



RF-Shielding

RF-shielding

An RF-shielding (faraday cage) is required for the MR-examination room. This shielding protects the environment from RF interference and conversely protects the MR system from external interference.

Required attenuation: >90 dB over the frequency range 15 to 128 MHz (>100 dB at Co-Siting).

These values must be certified by measuring before the MR system is installed.

RF-shielding components (doors, windows, interfaces) and complete modular RF-cabins can be supplied on request by Siemens Healthineers.

RF-Door

All RF-doors leading into the examination room have to be equipped with a door switch for indicating the closed / open position of the RF-door! It must be possible to lock the RF-doors from the outside. In addition to that it must always be possible to open the RF-door without key or additional devices in any cases from the inside!

The opening direction of the RF-door has to be to the outside of the RF-room.

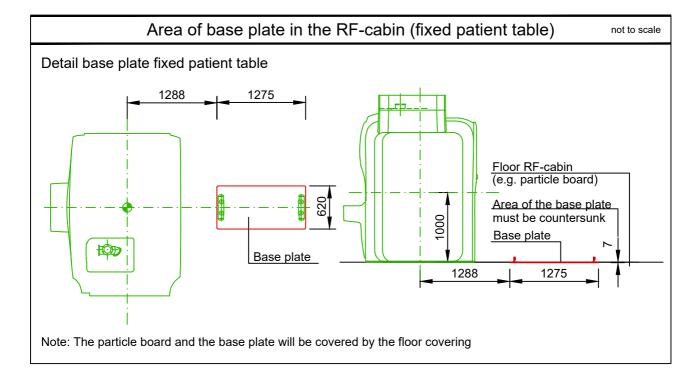
Doors that open inwards is a safety risk due to room overpressure. For these rooms a pressure relief panel 600 mm x 600 mm (minimum size) must be installed into the RF cabin.

The RF-door is an important component for a good image quality and also for safety aspects. The customer/user of the MR system has to be informed to maintain the maintenance intervals given by the RF-room enclosure manufacturer. This will guarantee a correct function of the RF-door.

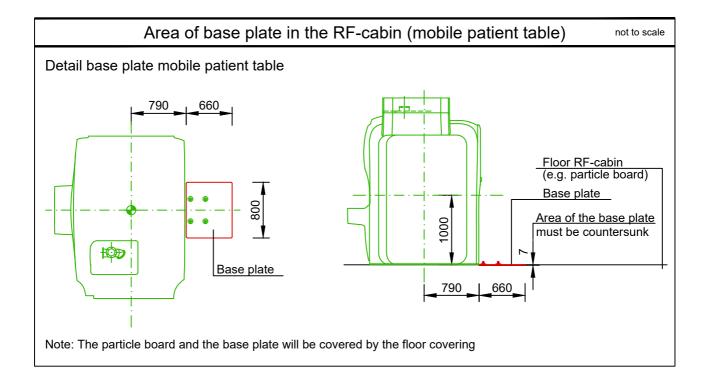
Flooring

An antistatic floor covering is necessary. The floor in the vicinity of the magnet and patient table (3 m x 5 m) must be levelled to within max. $\pm 1.5 \text{ mm}$.

The loading capacity of the flooring must be designed with the weight of the respective system components in mind.







Quench Pipe

Quench pipe

A thermally insulated tube (quench pipe) made of non-magnetic metal must be fitted from the super-conducting magnet to the outside of the building in order to vent the vaporizing helium gas. Exact design information must be obtained from Siemens Healthineers Project Manager.

Cryogens

Liquid helium (He) and also helium gas are required for operation of the superconducting magnet. The transport of these liquid gases to the examination room requires the use of special vessels. The size and weight of the vessels should be checked with the local cryogen supplier.

If the magnet can not be filled from the left service side, a long helium transfer line has to be ordered for the refilling process!



General Information

Display screen workstations

For setting up display screen workstations, take account of the guidelines in the Display Screen Workstation directive as well as any national regulations (e.g. EN ISO 9241-5).

Smart Remote Services (SRS)

Smart Remote Services (SRS) is used for remote diagnostics as well as remote service to provide highest system availability.

Requirements:

- Broadband connection (minimum 4 MBit/s down- and 768 kBit/s upstream, optimum 30 MBit/s down- and 2 MBit/s upstream) without time or volume limitations
- Router (for exclusive use with SRS)

Data protection and security is defined in the Smart Remote Services security concept.

Network Integration

The Siemens Healthineers components are using TCP/IP Protocol, a 100/1000 Mbit/s switched Ethernet network and static IP addresses.

The required network cabling (min. CAT 5 TP) has to be provided on site. Media converters, which are needed for using fibre optic cabling, are not in scope of delivery.

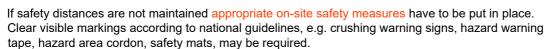
To prepare the implementation of the new system into the existing network environment, the availability of the needed network data at least two weeks before starting the installation is mandatory.

This is the only way to ensure a seamless integration of the new system into the workflow of the department.

Safety distances

Distances from moving parts of the medical device to walls, furniture and other equipment have to be kept to avoid injuries by crushing in compliance with local regulations, e.g. a minimum distance of 50 cm according to DIN EN ISO 13854.

It is the customer's responsibility to ensure the above requirements are followed. This is to avoid the risk of injury.







Site readiness guidelines

The following general conditions are necessary to have the status of "Ready site":

- 1) Proper power available at Siemens Healthineers Equipment Power Cabinet location and all power outlets functioning
- 2) Air conditioning / humidification systems complete, tested and functioning properly according to Siemens Healthineers specifications.
- 3) RF enclosure, infastructure of the examination room complete.
- 4) The quench line must be available for immediate use to allow suitable venting for the magnet during installation.
- 5) Plumbing complete except for any final connections to Siemens Healthineers equipment.
- 6) All cable trays, ducts, conduits correctly sized, located and installed according to the Siemens Healthineers drawings
- 7) Room for equipment installation and immediate vicinity is dust-free and is to remain so for the duration of the installation.
- 8) Customer approval for Siemens Healthineers Remote Service (SRS) connection and customers IT. Contact information and IP address established.

Notes on preparations for installation

Contracts for performing and supervising on-site installation preparations should be concluded with technically competent companies by the customer. The customer is responsible for timely and proper completion and supervision of all preparations for installation at the construction site in observance of all applicable legal regulations (e.g. X-ray regulations, radiation protection regulations) and all applicable general recognized rules of technology (e.g. VDE regulations, DIN standards).

Execution and supervision of installation preparations at the construction site and later observance of the standard operating conditions are not included in our duties. The customer is responsible for checking the static calculations and, where applicable, the air conditioning in the building to be equipped.



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