



# Uric Acid (UA)

Current Revision and Date <sup>a</sup>	Rev. 03, 2019-05	
Product Name	Atellica CH Uric Acid (UA)	REF 11097608 (4800 tests)
Abbreviated Product Name	Atellica CH UA	
Test Name/ID	UA	
Systems	Atellica CH Analyzer	
Materials Required but Not Provided	Atellica CH CHEM CAL	REF 11099411
Specimen Types	Serum, plasma (lithium heparin), and urine	
Sample Volume	11 μL	
Measuring Interval	Serum and plasma: 0.5–20.0 mg/dL (30–1190 μmol/L) Urine: 0.9–180.0 mg/dL (54–10,710 μmol/L)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A vertical bar in the page margin indicates technical content that differs from the previous version.



#### Intended Use

The Atellica® CH Uric Acid (UA) assay is for *in vitro* diagnostic use in the quantitative determination of uric acid in human serum, plasma (lithium heparin), and urine using the Atellica® CH Analyzer. Such measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of renal failure, gout, and eclampsia.

# **Summary and Explanation**

The Atellica CH Uric Acid (UA) assay is based on the Fossati enzymatic reaction using uricase with a Trinder-like endpoint.<sup>1,2</sup>

# **Principles of the Procedure**

The uric acid is converted by uricase to allantoin and hydrogen peroxide. A colored complex is formed from hydrogen peroxide, 4-aminophenazone, and TOOS [N-ethyl-N-(2-hydroxy-3-sulfopropyl)-3-methyl-aniline] under the catalytic influence of peroxidase. The level of the resulting complex is directly proportional to the uric acid level of the sample. The absorbance of the complex is measured as an endpoint reaction at 545/694 nm.

# **Reaction Equation**

Uric Acid + 
$$2H_2O + O_2$$
 

Peroxidase

H+ +  $TOOS^- + 4$ -AAP +  $2H_2O_2$ 

Quinone Diimine Dye +  $4H_2O$ 

# Reagents

Material Description	Storage	Stability <sup>a</sup>
Atellica CH UA	Unopened at 2–8°C	•
Pack 1 (P1)	Only and many wall	date on product
Well 1 (W1) Reagent 1 (R1) 18.3 mL N-ethyl-N-(2-hydroxy-3-sulfopropyl)-3-methyl-aniline (21.0 mmol/L); sodium azide (0.05%)	Onboard per well	30 days
Well 2 (W2) Reagent 1 (R1) 18.3 mL N-ethyl-N-(2-hydroxy-3-sulfopropyl)-3-methyl-aniline (21.0 mmol/L); sodium azide (0.05%)		
Pack 2 (P2)		
Well 1 (W1) Reagent 2 (R2) 18.5 mL 4-aminophenazone (1.52 mmol/L); peroxidase (≥ 1000 U/L); uricase (≥ 200 U/L); sodium azide (0.05%)		
Well 2 (W2) Reagent 2 (R2) 18.5 mL 4-aminophenazone (1.52 mmol/L); peroxidase (≥ 1000 U/L); uricase (≥ 200 U/L); sodium azide (0.05%)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Refer to Storage and Stability.

# **Warnings and Precautions**

For in vitro diagnostic use.

For Professional Use.

#### **CAUTION**

Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare professional.

Safety data sheets (SDS) available on siemens.com/healthineers.

Contains sodium azide as a preservative. Sodium azide can react with copper or lead plumbing to form explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush reagents with a large volume of water to prevent buildup of azides. Disposal into drain systems must be in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

Dispose of hazardous or biologically contaminated materials according to the practices of your institution. Discard all materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

**Note** For information about reagent preparation, refer to *Preparing the Reagents* in the *Procedure* section.

## Storage and Stability

Unopened reagents are stable until the expiration date on the product when stored at 2-8°C. Do not use products beyond the expiration date printed on the product labeling.

## **Onboard Stability**

Reagents are stable onboard the system for 30 days per well. Discard reagents at the end of the onboard stability interval. Do not use products beyond the expiration date printed on the product labeling.

# Specimen Collection and Handling

Serum, plasma (lithium heparin), and urine are the recommended sample types for this assay.

## **Collecting the Specimen**

- Observe universal precautions when collecting specimens. Handle all specimens as if they are capable of transmitting disease.<sup>3</sup>
- Follow recommended procedures for collection of diagnostic blood specimens by venipuncture.<sup>4</sup>
- Follow the instructions provided with your specimen collection device for use and processing.<sup>5</sup>
- Allow blood specimens to clot completely before centrifugation.<sup>6</sup>
- Keep tubes capped at all times.<sup>6</sup>
- Normal procedures for collecting and storing urine may be used for samples to be analyzed for this assay.<sup>7</sup>

# Storing the Specimen

Specimens may be stored for 3–4 days at ambient temperature for alkaline urine<sup>7</sup> or for uric acid in serum and plasma, up to 3–5 days at 4°C or stored frozen for up to 6 months at -20°C.<sup>8</sup>

The handling and storage information provided here is based on data or references maintained by the manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the individual laboratory to use all available references and/or its own studies when establishing alternate stability criteria to meet specific needs.

# **Transporting the Specimen**

Package and label specimens for shipment in compliance with applicable federal and international regulations covering the transport of clinical specimens and etiological agents.

# Preparing the Samples

This assay requires 11  $\mu$ L of sample for a single determination. This volume does not include the unusable volume in the sample container or the additional volume required when performing duplicates or other tests on the same sample. For information about determining the minimum required volume, refer to the online help.

**Note** Do not use specimens with apparent contamination.

Before placing samples on the system, ensure that samples are free of:

- Bubbles or foam.
- Fibrin or other particulate matter.

**Note** Remove particulates by centrifugation according to CLSI guidance and the collection device manufacturer's recommendations.<sup>6</sup>

**Note** For a complete list of appropriate sample containers, refer to the online help.

#### **Procedure**

#### **Materials Provided**

The following materials are provided:

REF	Contents	Number of Tests
11097608	Pack 1 (P1) Well 1 (W1) 18.3 mL of Atellica CH UA Reagent 1 Well 2 (W2) 18.3 mL of Atellica CH UA Reagent 1	4 x 1200
	Pack 2 (P2) Well 1 (W1) 18.5 mL of Atellica CH UA Reagent 2 Well 2 (W2) 18.5 mL of Atellica CH UA Reagent 2	

## **Materials Required but Not Provided**

The following materials are required to perform this assay, but are not provided:

REF	Description	
	Atellica CH Analyzer <sup>a</sup>	
11099411	Atellica CH CHEM CAL (calibrator)	12 x 3.0 mL calibrator CAL  Calibrator lot-specific value sheet CAL LOT VAL
	Commercially available quality control m	aterials

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Additional system fluids are required to operate the system: Atellica CH Diluent, Atellica CH Wash, Atellica CH Conditioner, Atellica CH Cleaner, Atellica CH Reagent Probe Cleaner 1, Atellica CH Reagent Probe Cleaner 2, Atellica CH Reagent Probe Cleaner 4, Atellica CH Lamp Coolant, and Atellica CH Water Bath Additive. For system fluid instructions for use, refer to the Document Library.

# **Assay Procedure**

The system automatically performs the following steps:

- 1. For serum/plasma, dispenses 50  $\mu$ L of primary sample and 200  $\mu$ L of Atellica CH Diluent into a dilution cuvette. For urine, dispenses 5  $\mu$ L of primary sample and 245  $\mu$ L of Atellica CH Diluent into a dilution cuvette.
- 2. Dispenses 26.7  $\mu$ L of Reagent 1 and 53.3  $\mu$ L of special reagent water into a reaction cuvette.
- 3. Dispenses 11 µL of pre-diluted sample into a reaction cuvette.
- 4. Measures the absorbance after sample addition.
- 5. Dispenses 16 µL of Reagent 2 into a reaction cuvette.
- 6. Mixes and incubates the mixture at 37°C.

- 7. Measures the absorbance after Reagent 2 addition.
- 8. Reports results.

**Note** For information about special reagent water requirements, refer to the online help.

Test Duration: 7 minutes

### **Preparing the Reagents**

All reagents are liquid and ready to use.

# **Preparing the System**

Ensure that the system has sufficient reagent packs loaded in the reagent compartment. For information about loading reagent packs, refer to the online help.

## **Performing Calibration**

For calibration of the Atellica CH UA assay, use Atellica CH CHEM CAL. Use the calibrators in accordance with the calibrator instructions for use.

#### **Calibration Frequency**

Perform a calibration if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- When changing lot numbers of primary reagent packs.
- At the end of the lot calibration interval, for a specified lot of calibrated reagent on the system.
- At the end of the pack calibration interval, for calibrated reagent packs on the system.
- When indicated by quality control results.
- After major maintenance or service, if indicated by quality control results.

At the end of the onboard stability interval, replace the reagent pack on the system with a new reagent pack. Recalibration is not required, unless the lot calibration interval is exceeded.

Stability Interval	Days
Lot Calibration	183
Pack Calibration	7
Reagent Onboard Stability	30

For information about lot calibration and pack calibration intervals, refer to the online help.

Follow government regulations or accreditation requirements for calibration frequency. Individual laboratory quality control programs and procedures may require more frequent calibration.

# **Performing Quality Control**

For quality control of the Atellica CH UA assay, use at least two levels (low and high) of the appropriate quality control material of known analyte concentration. Use the quality control material in accordance with the quality control instructions for use.

For the assigned values, refer to the lot-specific value sheet provided. A satisfactory level of performance is achieved when the analyte values obtained are within the expected control range for the system or within your range, as determined by an appropriate internal laboratory quality control scheme. Follow your laboratory's quality control procedures if the results obtained do not fall within the acceptable limits. For information about entering quality control definitions, refer to the online help.

Follow government regulations or accreditation requirements for quality control frequency. Individual laboratory quality control programs and procedures may require more frequent quality control testing.

#### **Taking Corrective Action**

If the quality control results do not fall within the assigned values, do not report results. Perform corrective actions in accordance with established laboratory protocol. For suggested protocol, refer to the online help.

#### Results

#### Calculation of Results

The system determines the result using the calculation scheme described in the online help. The system reports results in mg/dL (common units) or  $\mu$ mol/L (SI units), depending on the units defined when setting up the assay.

Conversion formula:  $mg/dL \times 59.5 = \mu mol/L$ 

For information about results outside the specified measuring interval, refer to *Measuring Interval*.

### **Interpretation of Results**

Results of this assay should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation, and other findings.

### Limitations

The Atellica CH UA assay is limited to the detection of uric acid in human serum, plasma (lithium heparin), and urine.

Venipuncture should occur prior to N-Acetyl Cysteine (NAC) or Metamizole (Sulpyrine) administration due to the potential for falsely depressed results.

# **Expected Values**

#### **Reference Interval**

A reference interval for healthy adults was established in accordance with CLSI Document EP28-A3c and verified on the Atellica CH Analyzer.<sup>9</sup>

Group	Specimen Type	Reference Interval Common Units (SI Units)
Adults, male	Serum and plasma <sup>10</sup>	3.7–9.2 mg/dL (220–547 μmol/L)
Adults, female	Serum and plasma <sup>10</sup>	3.1–7.8 mg/dL (184–464 μmol/L)
Adults	Urine <sup>11</sup>	250-750 mg/day (1.48-4.43 mmol/day)

As with all *in vitro* diagnostic assays, each laboratory should determine its own reference interval for the diagnostic evaluation of patient results. Consider these values as guidance only.<sup>9</sup>

### **Performance Characteristics**

### **Measuring Interval**

The Atellica CH UA assay provides results from 0.5–20.0 mg/dL (30–1190 µmol/L) for serum and plasma and 0.9–180.0 mg/dL (54–10,710 µmol/L) for urine. The system flags all values that are outside the specified measuring interval.

## **Extended Measuring Interval**

An automatic repeat condition for this assay extends the measuring interval to 100.0 mg/dL (5950  $\mu$ mol/L) for serum and plasma and 360.0 mg/dL (21,420  $\mu$ mol/L) for urine. You may configure the system to trigger an automatic repeat. Automatic repeat results will be flagged **Autorepeat**.

# **Detection Capability**

Detection capability was determined in accordance with CLSI Document EP17-A2. The assay is designed to have a limit of blank (LoB)  $\leq$  limit of detection (LoD) for serum, plasma, and urine and LoD  $\leq$  0.5 mg/dL (30 µmol/L) for serum and plasma and a LoD  $\leq$  0.9 mg/dL (54 µmol/L) for urine.

The LoD corresponds to the lowest concentration of uric acid that can be detected with a probability of 95%. The LoD for the Atellica CH UA assay is 0.0 mg/dL (0.0  $\mu$ mol/L) for serum and plasma and 0.5 mg/dL (30  $\mu$ mol/L) for urine, and was determined using 120 determinations, with 60 blank and 60 low level replicates, and a LoB of 0.0 mg/dL (0  $\mu$ mol/L) for serum and plasma and 0.3 mg/dL (18  $\mu$ mol/L) for urine.

Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

#### Precision

Precision was determined in accordance with CLSI Document EP05-A3.<sup>13</sup> Samples were assayed on an Atellica CH Analyzer in duplicate in 2 runs per day for 20 days ( $N \ge 80$  for each sample). The following results were obtained:

			Repeatability		Within-Lab Precision	
Sample Type	N	Mean mg/dL (µmol/L)	SD <sup>a</sup> mg/dL (µmol/L)	CV <sup>b</sup> (%)	SD mg/dL (µmol/L)	CV (%)
Serum QC	80	3.2 (190)	0.03 (1.8)	1.0	0.05 (3.0)	1.5
Serum	80	6.0 (357)	0.04 (2.4)	0.6	0.05 (3.0)	0.8
Serum	80	10.6 (631)	0.03 (1.8)	0.3	0.06 (3.6)	0.6
Plasma	80	16.0 (952)	0.19 (11.3)	1.2	0.33 (19.6)	2.0
Urine QC	80	12.9 (768)	0.25 (14.9)	2.0	0.38 (22.6)	2.9
Urine QC	80	21.1 (1255)	0.26 (15.5)	1.2	0.33 (19.6)	1.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Standard deviation.

Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

b Coefficient of variation.

# **Assay Comparison**

The Atellica CH UA assay is designed to have a correlation coefficient of  $\geq$  0.95 for serum and urine and a slope of 1.0  $\pm$  0.1 for serum and 1.0  $\pm$  0.05 for urine compared to ADVIA® Chemistry 1800 UA. Assay comparison was determined using the Deming linear regression model in accordance with CLSI Document EP09-A3.<sup>14</sup> The following results were obtained:

Specimen	Comparative Assay (x)	Regression Equation	Sample Interval	Nª	$r^{b}$
Serum	ADVIA Chemistry 1800 UA	y = 0.99x + 0.0  mg/dL ( $y = 0.99x + 0  \mu \text{mol/L}$ )	1.4–17.6 mg/dL (83–1047 μmol/L)	100	1.000
Urine	ADVIA Chemistry 1800 UA	y = 1.01x - 1.0 mg/dL (y = 1.01x - 60 μmol/L)	4.3–168.5 mg/dL (256–10,026 µmol/L)	100	0.997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Number of samples tested.

The agreement of the assay may vary depending on the study design, comparative assay, and sample population. Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

# **Specimen Equivalency**

Specimen equivalency was determined using the Deming linear regression model in accordance with CLSI Document EP09-A3.<sup>14</sup> The following results were obtained:

Specimen (y)	Reference Specimen (x)	Regression Equation	Sample Interval	Na	r <sup>b</sup>
Lithium heparin plasma	Serum	y = 1.03x - 0.2  mg/dL (y = 1.03x - 10 \text{ \text{\mod}I/L})	3	51	0.994

a Number of samples tested.

Agreement of the specimen types may vary depending on the study design and sample population used. Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

#### Interferences

#### Hemolysis, Icterus, and Lipemia (HIL)

The Atellica CH UA assay is designed to have ≤ 10% interference from hemoglobin, bilirubin, and lipemia. Interfering substances at the levels indicated in the table below were tested in accordance with CLSI Document EP07-A2 using the Atellica CH UA assay.<sup>15</sup>

Bias is the difference in the results between the control sample (does not contain the interferent) and the test sample (contains the interferent) expressed in percent. Bias > 10% is considered interference. Analyte results should not be corrected based on this bias.

Substance	Substance Test Concentration Common Units (SI Units)	Analyte Concentration mg/dL (µmol/L)	Percent Bias
Hemoglobin	100 mg/dL (0.063 mmol/L)	3.0 (179)	-3
	250 mg/dL (0.156 mmol/L)	8.2 (488)	-7
Bilirubin, conjugated	10 mg/dL (171 μmol/L)	3.0 (179)	-7
	20 mg/dL (342 μmol/L)	8.1 (482)	-8

b Correlation coefficient.

b Correlation coefficient.

Substance	Substance Test Concentration Common Units (SI Units)	Analyte Concentration mg/dL (µmol/L)	Percent Bias
Bilirubin, unconjugated	30 mg/dL (513 μmol/L) 30 mg/dL (513 μmol/L)	3.0 (179) 8.3 (494)	0
Lipemia (Triglyceride concentrate)	1000 mg/dL (11.3 mmol/L) 1000 mg/dL (11.3 mmol/L)	3.0 (179) 8.3 (494)	-7 -3

Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

## **Non-Interfering Substances**

The following substances do not interfere with the Atellica CH UA assay when present in serum and plasma (lithium heparin) at the concentrations indicated in the table below. Bias due to these substances is  $\leq$  10% at an analyte concentration of 3.00 mg/dL (179 µmol/L). These data were generated on the ADVIA Chemistry system with assay reaction conditions that are equivalent to those on the Atellica CH Analyzer. <sup>16</sup>

Substance	Substance Test Concentration Common Units (SI Units)	Percent Bias
Ascorbic Acid	5 mg/dL (284 μmol/L)	≤ 10%

The following substances do not interfere with the Atellica CH UA assay when present in urine at the concentrations indicated in the table below. Bias due to these substances is  $\leq$  10% at an analyte concentration of 20.8 mg/dL (1238 µmol/L). These data were generated on the ADVIA Chemistry system with assay reaction conditions that are equivalent to those on the Atellica CH Analyzer. <sup>16</sup>

Substance	Substance Test Concentration Common Units (SI Units)	Percent Bias
Ascorbic Acid	100 mg/dL (5.68 mol/L)	≤ 10%

Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

#### Standardization

The Atellica CH UA assay is traceable to the CDC candidate reference method, which uses SRM 913 and SRM 909 reference materials from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

Assigned values for calibrators are traceable to this standardization. 16

### **Technical Assistance**

For customer support, contact your local technical support provider or distributor. siemens.com/healthineers

#### References

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- 2. Trinder P. Determination of blood glucose using an oxidase-peroxidase system with a non-carcinogenic chromogen. *J Clin Pathol.* 1969;22(2):158–161.

- 3. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. *Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline—Fourth Edition*. Wayne, PA: Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2014. CLSI Document M29-A4.
- 4. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. *Procedures for the Collection of Diagnostic Blood Specimens by Venipuncture; Approved Standard—Sixth Edition*. Wayne, PA: Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2007. CLSI Document GP41-A6.
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- 7. Young DS. *Effects of Preanalytical Variables on Clinical Laboratory Tests*. 3rd ed. Washington, DC: AACC Press; 2007:942.
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- 10. Thornton W, Levine R, Levine J. Boyce & Bynum Pathology Laboratories. Evidence-based Medicine and Test Utilization. Columbia, MO: Siemens Medical Solutions Diagnostics, 2007.
- 11. Wu AHB, ed. *Tietz Clinical Guide to Laboratory Tests*. 4th ed. St. Louis, MO: Saunders; 2006:1098,1100.
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- 13. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. *Evaluation of Precision of Quantitative Measurement Procedures; Approved Guideline—Third Edition*. Wayne, PA: Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2014. CLSI Document EP05-A3.
- 14. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. *Measurement Procedure Comparison and Bias Estimation Using Patient Samples; Approved Guideline—Third Edition*. Wayne, PA: Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2013. CLSI Document EP09-A3.
- 15. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. *Interference Testing in Clinical Chemistry; Approved Guideline—Second Edition*. Wayne, PA: Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2005. CLSI Document EP07-A2.
- 16. Data on file at Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics.

# **Definition of Symbols**

The following symbols may appear on the product labeling:

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
Ţ <u>i</u>	Consult instructions for use
Rev. 01	Version of instructions for use

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description	
siemens.com/healthcare siemens.com/document-library	Internet URL address to access the electronic instructions for use	
Rev. REVISION	Revision	
$\triangle$	Caution Consult instructions for use or accompanying documents for cautionary information such as warnings and precautions that cannot, for a variety of reasons, be presented on the medical device.	
&	Biological risks Potential biological risks are associated with the medical device.	
	Corrosive	
*	Dangerous to environment	
<b>(1)</b>	Irritant Oral, dermal, or inhalation hazard	
	Inhalation hazard Respiratory or internal health	
	Flammable Flammable to extremely flammable	
	Oxidizing	
	Explosive	
	Toxic	
	Compressed gas	
*	Keep away from sunlight Prevent exposure to sunlight and heat.	
<u>11</u>	Up Store in an upright position.	
	Do not freeze	

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Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
<b>1</b> 2°C <b>1</b> 8°C	Temperature limit Upper and lower limits of temperature indicators are adjacent to the upper and lower horizontal lines.
	Handheld barcode scanner
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n)$	Contains sufficient for <n> tests  Total number of IVD tests the system can perform with the IVD kit reagents appears adjacent to the symbol.</n>
RxOnly	Prescription device (US only) Applies only to United States-registered IVD assays. CAUTION: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare professional.
2	Mixing of substances Mix product before use.
g mL → <b>I</b> ←	Reconstitute and mix lyophilized product before use.
→	Target
← →	Interval
<b>~</b>	Legal Manufacturer
EC REP	Authorized Representative in the European Community
$\square$	Use-by date Use by the designated date.
LOT	Batch code
REF	Catalog number
	Recycle
PRINTED WITH SOY INK	Printed with soy ink
<b>(€</b>	CE Mark
<b>€</b>	CE Mark with notified body ID number Notified body ID number can vary.
YYYY-MM-DD	Date format (year-month-day)

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
CHECKSUM	Variable hexadecimal number that ensures the Master Curve and Calibrator definition values entered are valid.
UNITS C	Common Units
UNITS SI	International System of Units
MATERIAL	Material
MATERIAL ID	Unique material identification number
CONTROL NAME	Name of control
CONTROL TYPE	Type of control

# **Legal Information**

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